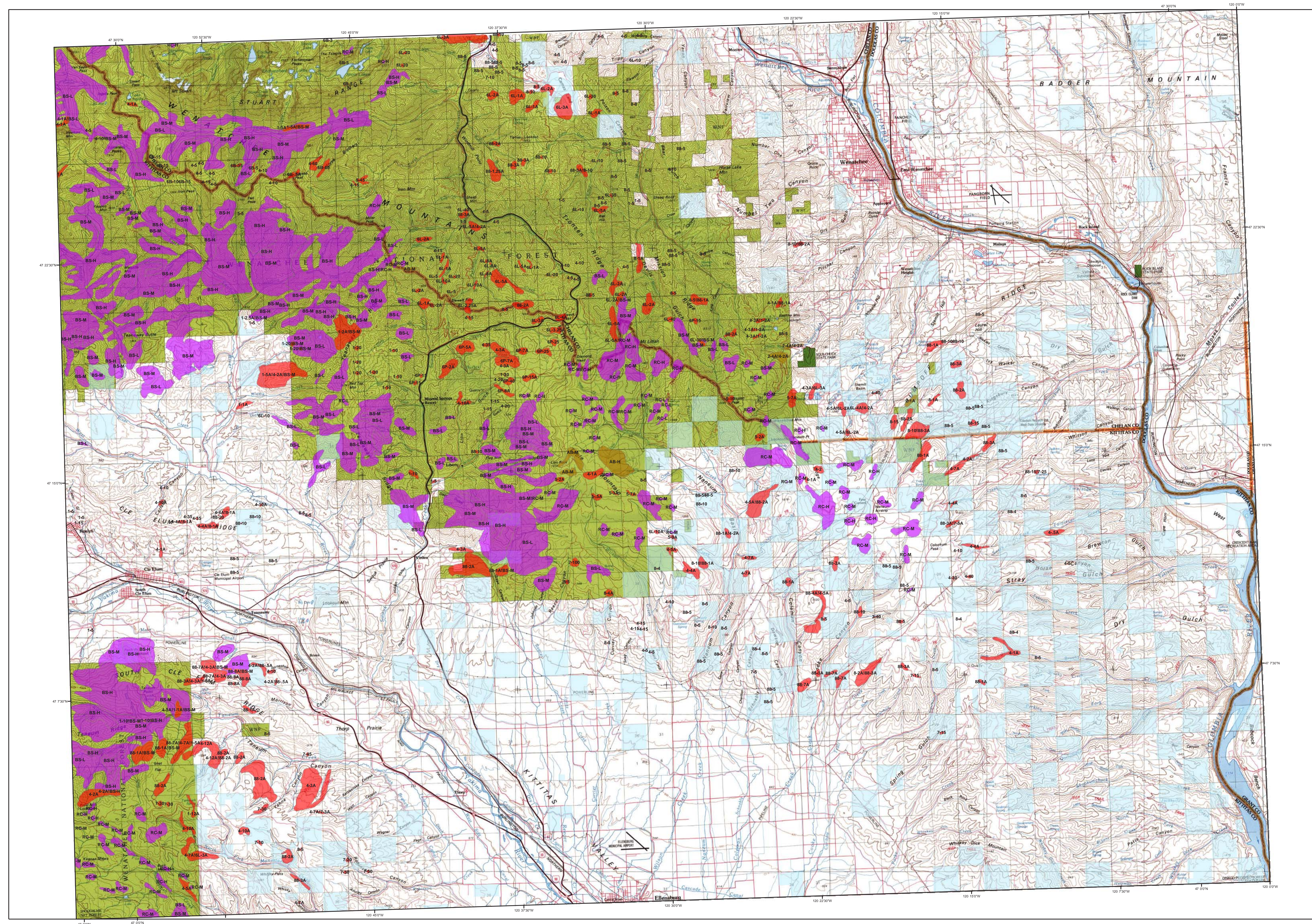


2006 Aerial Insect and Disease Survey

USGS 100K Quad: Wenatchee - A147120; 5D



Defoliators	
Code	Damaging Agent
AS	Spruce aphid
BM	Western blackheaded budworm
BP	Super pine tortrix
BS	Western spruce budworm
DY	Bryum's light/Lophotermella
HL	Larch
LG	Green striped forest looper
LL	Larch looper
LS	Black pine needle scale
MD	Douglas-fir budmoth
ML	Larch budmoth
MN	Douglas-fir needle midge
MS	Spruce budworm
ND	Needle miner
NJ	Needle miner
NK	Needle miner
NL	Needle miner
NP	Needle miner
NS	Needle miner
NT	Needle miner
NV	Needle miner
CL	Western oak looper
PB	Pine butterfly
PC	Pine needle cast
PH	Phantom hemlock looper
PM	Pandora moth
PN	Pine needles/needle miner
PS	Pine needle scale
RC	Needle cast
SD	Sawfly
SA	Sawfly
SH	Sawfly
SK	Sawfly
SL	Sawfly
SM	Satin moth
SNC	Swiss needle cast
SP	Sawfly
SW	Sawfly
TA	Tent caterpillar, alder
TC	Tent caterpillar, other
TM	Douglas-fir tussock moth
TS	Tent caterpillar, aspen

Mortality Agents	
Code	Damaging Agent
1	Douglas-fir beetle
2	Douglas-fir engraver
3	Spruce beetle
4	Fir engraver
5	Western balsam bark beetle
6B	Mountain pine beetle
6J	Mountain pine beetle
6K	Mountain pine beetle
6L	Mountain pine beetle
6M	Mountain pine beetle
6N	Mountain pine beetle
6O	Mountain pine beetle
6P	Mountain pine beetle
6Q	Mountain pine beetle
6R	Mountain pine beetle
6S	Mountain pine beetle
6T	Mountain pine beetle
6U	Mountain pine beetle
6V	Mountain pine beetle
6W	Mountain pine beetle
6X	Mountain pine beetle
6Y	Mountain pine beetle
6Z	Mountain pine beetle
7	Western white pine
8	Pondosa, lodgepole pines
9	Pondosa pine
10	Pole-sized ponderosa pine
11	Shiver fir beetle
12	Conifer
13	Flatheaded wood borer
14	Douglas-fir, ponderosa pine
15	Pure Oregon cedar root disease
16	Conifer
17	All species
18	Water damage

Other Damaging Agents	
Code	Damaging Agent
AB	Balsam woolly adelgid
AC	Cooley spruce gall adelgid
AD	Leaf discoloration
AE	Blister rust
AF	Cytospora canker
AG	Dying hemlock
AH	Fire
AI	Quarry pitch midge
AJ	Hail
AK	Hardwood decline
AL	Areas not flown
AM	OUT
AN	No damage detected
AO	Pacific madrone decline
AP	Leaf rust in poplars
AQ	Rust
AR	Side
AS	Unknown defoliation
AT	Unknown mortality
AU	Water damage
AV	Winter damage
AW	Windthrow
AX	Alder
AY	Hardwoods
AZ	True fir, Douglas-fir
BA	Aspen

Code	Damaging Agent	Primary Host
AS	Spruce aphid	Douglas-fir
BM	Western blackheaded budworm	Douglas-fir
BP	Super pine tortrix	Spruce
BS	Western spruce budworm	True fir
DY	Bryum's light/Lophotermella	Maple
HL	Larch	Five-needle pines
LG	Green striped forest looper	True fir
LL	Larch looper	Hemlock
LS	Black pine needle scale	All species
MD	Douglas-fir budmoth	Pondosa pine
ML	Larch budmoth	Pondosa pine
MN	Douglas-fir needle midge	Hardwoods
MS	Spruce budworm	Pacific madrone
ND	Needle miner	Portlands
NJ	Needle miner	All species
NK	Needle miner	All species
NL	Needle miner	All species
NP	Needle miner	All species
NS	Needle miner	All species
NT	Needle miner	All species
NV	Needle miner	All species
CL	Western oak looper	All species
PB	Pine butterfly	All species
PC	Pine needle cast	All species
PH	Phantom hemlock looper	All species
PM	Pandora moth	All species
PN	Pine needles/needle miner	All species
PS	Pine needle scale	All species
RC	Needle cast	All species
SD	Sawfly	All species
SA	Sawfly	All species
SH	Sawfly	All species
SK	Sawfly	All species
SL	Sawfly	All species
SM	Satin moth	All species
SNC	Swiss needle cast	All species
SP	Sawfly	All species
SW	Sawfly	All species
TA	Tent caterpillar, alder	All species
TC	Tent caterpillar, other	All species
TM	Douglas-fir tussock moth	All species
TS	Tent caterpillar, aspen	All species

The cause of damage is described by a symbol listed above and is followed by: number of trees affected; number of trees/acre affected (example: 5A); or intensity of damage (L-Light, M-Moderate, H-Heavy).

USGS 100K Quad: Wenatchee - A147120; 5D
2006 Aerial Insect and Disease Detection Survey
Mapscale: 1:100,000
Date: November 30, 2006

Legend

- Defoliating Agents
- Mortality Agents
- Other Damage
- WaDNR Managed Lands

Source: Washington Dept. of Natural Resources

The map base was created with TOPOI (Copyright 2001, National Geographic); available online at: www.ngmapstore.com

A data dictionary, digital copies of this map and ArcGIS insect and disease data are available at: www.fs.fed.us/r6/nr/rdd/data.shtml

Vicinity Map

How the Aerial Surveys are Conducted

Data represented on this map are based on trees visibly affected by forest insects and diseases detected and recorded during aerial survey flights conducted by the USDA Forest Service and the Washington Department of Natural Resources. Observers have just a few seconds to recognize the color difference between healthy and damaged trees of different species; diagnose causal agents correctly; estimate intensity; delineate the extent of damage; and precisely record this information on a georeferenced, digital map. Air turbulence, cloud shadows, distance from aircraft, haze, smoke and observer experience can all affect the quality of the survey. These data summaries provide an estimate of conditions on the ground and may differ from estimates derived by other methods.

The aerial survey provides information on the current status for many causal agents, and is important when examining insect activity trends by comparing historical and current survey data over large areas.

Overview surveys are a 'snap shot' in time and therefore may not be timed to accurately capture the true extent or severity of a particular disturbance activity. Specially designed surveys with modified flight patterns and timing may be conducted to more accurately delineate the extent and severity of a particular disturbance agent. Special surveys, such as Swiss needle cast surveys, are conducted when resources are available to address situations of sufficient economic, political or environmental importance.

DIRECT ALL INQUIRIES TO:

Washington State Department of
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Resource Protection
Forest Health
1111 Washington St. SE
Olympia, WA 98504

-- OR --

USDA Forest Service, Region 6
Natural Resources
Forest Health Protection
PO Box 3623
Portland, Oregon 97208

*****DISCLAIMER*****

The insect and disease data presented should only be used as an indicator of insect and disease activity, and should be ground-checked for precise location, extent, severity and causal agent.

Color coded polygons show locations where trees were recently killed or defoliated. Intensity of damage is variable and not all trees within coded polygons are dead or defoliated.

The cooperators reserve the right to correct, update, modify or replace GIS products without notice. Using this map for purposes other than those for which it was intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results.